



ASSOCIATION OF VETERINARY ANAESTHETISTS

A CHARITABLE INCORPORATED ORGANISATION

CHARITABLE INCORPORATED ORGANISATION

(ASSOCIATION MODEL)

Charities Act 2011

CONSTITUTION OF

THE ASSOCIATION OF VETERINARY ANAESTHETISTS

Agreed by the Applicants on 7 November 2023

Registered charity number: 1205782

Registered on 17 November 2023

I hereby certify that this is a
complete copy of the constitution
of The Association of Veterinary
Anaesthetists (registered charity number:
1205782) approved by the charity
trustees and filed with the Charity Commission
for England and Wales on 13 November 2023.

Rachel Elliott
Solicitor, SRA number: 663958
Rachel Elliott
18.6.24

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1 Name

The name of the Charitable Incorporated Organisation ("the CIO") is:
THE ASSOCIATION OF VETERINARY ANAESTHETISTS

2 National location of principal office

- (1) The CIO must have a principal office in England or Wales.
- (2) The principal office of the CIO is in England.
- (3) The principal office shall be C/O Equitable House, 55 Pellon Lane, Halifax, HX1 5SP, or such other place as the charity trustees shall from time to time determine.

3 Objects

The objects of the CIO shall be to promote the study of and research into the subject of anaesthesia in animals and to disseminate the results thereof to the public.

4 Powers

The CIO has power to do anything which is calculated to further its objects or is conducive or incidental to doing so. In particular, the CIO has power to:

- (1) take over either directly or as trustee the property, rights, privileges and undertaking, and to discharge the liabilities of, the charitable unincorporated association known as "The Association of Veterinary Anaesthetists" (registered charity number: 267514), and to give such indemnities in connection with the same as may properly and reasonably be required;
- (2) borrow money and to charge the whole or any part of its property as security for the repayment of the money borrowed. The CIO must comply as appropriate with sections 124 and 125 of the Charities Act, if it wishes to mortgage land;
- (3) buy, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire any property and to maintain and equip it for use;
- (4) sell, lease or otherwise dispose of all or any part of the property belonging to the CIO. In exercising this power, the CIO must comply as appropriate with sections 117 and 119 to 123 of the Charities Act;
- (5) employ and remunerate such staff as are necessary for carrying out the work of the CIO. The CIO may employ or remunerate a charity trustee only to the extent that it is permitted to do so by clause 6 (Benefits and payments to charity trustees and

connected persons) of this constitution and provided it complies with the conditions of that clause;

- (6) deposit or invest funds, employ a professional fund-manager, and arrange for the investments or other property of the CIO to be held in the name of a nominee, in the same manner and subject to the same conditions as the trustees of a trust are permitted to do by the Trustee Act 2000; and
- (7) enter into one or more Derivative Contracts for the purpose of hedging any interest rate exposure in relation to a secured borrowing.

5 Application of income and property

- (1) The income and property of the CIO must be applied solely towards the promotion of the objects.
 - (a) A charity trustee is entitled to be reimbursed from the property of the CIO or may pay out of such property reasonable expenses properly incurred by him or her when acting on behalf of the CIO.
 - (b) A charity trustee may benefit from trustee indemnity insurance cover purchased at the CIO's expense in accordance with, and subject to the conditions in, section 189 of the Charities Act.
- (2) None of the income or property of the CIO may be paid or transferred directly or indirectly by way of dividend, bonus or otherwise by way of profit to any member of the CIO. This does not prevent a member who is not also a charity trustee receiving:
 - (a) a benefit from the CIO as a beneficiary of the CIO;
 - (b) reasonable and proper remuneration for any goods or services supplied to the CIO.
- (3) Nothing in this clause shall prevent a charity trustee or connected person receiving any benefit or payment which is authorised by clause 6 (Benefits and payments to charity trustees and connected persons) of this constitution.

6 Benefits and payments to charity trustees and connected persons

(1) General provisions

No charity trustee or connected person may:

- (a) buy or receive any goods or services from the CIO on terms preferential to those applicable to members of the public;
- (b) sell goods, services, or any interest in land to the CIO;
- (c) be employed by, or receive any remuneration from, the CIO;
- (d) receive any other financial benefit from the CIO;

unless the payment or benefit is permitted by sub-clause (2) of this clause or authorised by the court or the Charity Commission ("the Commission"). In this clause, a "financial benefit" means a benefit, direct or indirect, which is either money or has a monetary value.

(2) Scope and powers permitting trustees' or connected persons' benefits

- (a) A charity trustee or connected person may receive a benefit from the CIO as a beneficiary of the CIO provided that a majority of the trustees do not benefit in this way.

- (b) A charity trustee or connected person may enter into a contract for the supply of services, or of goods that are supplied in connection with the provision of services, to the CIO where that is permitted in accordance with, and subject to the conditions in, sections 185 to 188 of the Charities Act.
- (c) Subject to sub-clause (3) of this clause a charity trustee or connected person may provide the CIO with goods that are not supplied in connection with services provided to the CIO by the charity trustee or connected person.
- (d) A charity trustee or connected person may receive interest on money lent to the CIO at a reasonable and proper rate which must be not more than the Bank of England bank rate (also known as the base rate).
- (e) A charity trustee or connected person may receive rent for premises let by the trustee or connected person to the CIO. The amount of the rent and the other terms of the lease must be reasonable and proper. The charity trustee concerned must withdraw from any meeting at which such a proposal or the rent or other terms of the lease are under discussion.
- (f) A charity trustee or connected person may take part in the normal trading and fundraising activities of the CIO on the same terms as members of the public.

(3) Payment for supply of goods only – controls

The CIO and its charity trustees may only rely upon the authority provided by sub-clause (2)(c) of this clause if each of the following conditions is satisfied:

- (a) The amount or maximum amount of the payment for the goods is set out in a written agreement between the CIO and the charity trustee or connected person supplying the goods ("**the supplier**").
- (b) The amount or maximum amount of the payment for the goods does not exceed what is reasonable in the circumstances for the supply of the goods in question.
- (c) The other charity trustees are satisfied that it is in the best interests of the CIO to contract with the supplier rather than with someone who is not a charity trustee or connected person. In reaching that decision the charity trustees must balance the advantage of contracting with a charity trustee or connected person against the disadvantages of doing so.
- (d) The supplier is absent from the part of any meeting at which there is discussion of the proposal to enter into a contract or arrangement with him or her or it with regard to the supply of goods to the CIO.
- (e) The supplier does not vote on any such matter and is not to be counted when calculating whether a quorum of charity trustees is present at the meeting.
- (f) The reason for their decision is recorded by the charity trustees in the minute book.
- (g) A majority of the charity trustees then in office are not in receipt of remuneration or payments authorised by clause 6 of this constitution.

(4) In sub-clauses (2) and (3) of this clause:

- (a) "**the CIO**" includes any company in which the CIO:
 - (i) holds more than 50% of the shares; or
 - (ii) controls more than 50% of the voting rights attached to the shares; or

(iii) has the right to appoint one or more directors to the board of the company;

(b) "connected person" includes any person within the definition set out in clause 30 29(Interpretation) of this constitution.

7 Conflicts of interest and conflicts of loyalty

A charity trustee must:

- (1) declare the nature and extent of any interest, direct or indirect, which they have in a proposed transaction or arrangement with the CIO or in any transaction or arrangement entered into by the CIO which has not previously been declared; and
- (2) absent himself or herself from any discussions of the charity trustees in which it is possible that a conflict of interest will arise between their duty to act solely in the interests of the CIO and any personal interest (including but not limited to any financial interest).

Any charity trustee absenting himself or herself from any discussions in accordance with this clause must not vote or be counted as part of the quorum in any decision of the charity trustees on the matter.

8 Liability of members to contribute to the assets of the CIO if it is wound up

- (1) If the CIO is wound up, the members of the CIO have no liability to contribute to its assets and no personal responsibility for settling its debts and liabilities.

9 Membership of the CIO

(1) Admission of new members

(a) Eligibility and categories

- (i) Membership of the CIO is open to anyone who is interested in furthering its purposes, and who, by applying for membership, has indicated his, her or its agreement to become a member and acceptance of the duty of members set out in sub-clause (3) of this clause.
- (ii) All individuals who were members of The Association of Veterinary Anaesthetists (registered charity number: 267514) as at the date of registration of the CIO shall automatically be admitted to membership of the CIO.
- (iii) Membership is only open to natural persons.
- (iv) The charity trustees may create classes or categories of membership and may determine the rights and obligations of any such classes or categories of membership and, for the avoidance of doubt, all classes and categories of members shall be members of the CIO.

(b) Admission procedure

The charity trustees:

- (i) may require applications for membership to be made in any reasonable way that they decide;
- (ii) shall, if they approve an application for membership, notify the applicant of their decision within 21 days;

- (iii) may refuse an application for membership if they believe that it is in the best interests of the CIO for them to do so;
- (iv) shall, if they decide to refuse an application for membership, give the applicant their reasons for doing so, within 21 days of the decision being taken, and give the applicant the opportunity to appeal against the refusal;
- (v) shall give fair consideration to any such appeal, and shall inform the applicant of their decision, but any decision to confirm refusal of the application for membership shall be final.

(2) Transfer of membership

Membership of the CIO cannot be transferred to anyone else.

(3) Duty of members

It is the duty of each member of the CIO to exercise their powers as a member of the CIO in the way they decide in good faith would be most likely to further the purposes of the CIO.

(4) Termination of membership

- (a) Membership of the CIO comes to an end if:
 - (i) the member dies; or
 - (ii) the member sends a notice of resignation to the charity trustees or to the Honorary Secretary; or
 - (iii) any sum of money owed by the member to the CIO is not paid in full within six months of its falling due; or
 - (iv) the charity trustees decide that it is in the best interests of the CIO that the member in question should be removed from membership, and pass a resolution to that effect.
- (b) Before the charity trustees take any decision to remove someone from membership of the CIO they must:
 - (i) inform the member of the reasons why it is proposed to remove them from membership;
 - (ii) give the member at least 21 clear days' notice in which to make representations to the charity trustees as to why they should not be removed from membership;
 - (iii) at a duly constituted meeting of the charity trustees, consider whether or not the member should be removed from membership;
 - (iv) consider at that meeting any representations which the member makes as to why the member should not be removed; and
 - (v) allow the member, or the member's representative, to make those representations in person at that meeting, if the member so chooses.

(5) Membership fees

The CIO may require members to pay reasonable membership fees to the CIO.

10 Members' decisions

(1) General provisions

Except for those decisions that must be taken in a particular way as indicated in sub-clause (4) of this clause, decisions of the members of the CIO may be taken either by vote at a general meeting as provided in sub-clause (2) of this clause or by written resolution as provided in sub-clause (3).

(2) Taking ordinary decisions by vote

Subject to sub-clause (4) of this clause, any decision of the members of the CIO may be taken by means of a resolution at a general meeting. Such a resolution may be passed by a simple majority of votes cast at the meeting.

(3) Taking ordinary decisions by written resolution without a general meeting

(a) Subject to sub-clause (4) of this clause, a resolution in writing agreed by a simple majority of all the members who would have been entitled to vote upon it had it been proposed at a general meeting shall be effective, provided that:

- (i) a copy of the proposed resolution has been sent to all the members eligible to vote; and
- (ii) a simple majority of members has signified its agreement to the resolution in a document or documents which are received at the principal office within the period of 28 days beginning with the circulation date. The document signifying a member's agreement must be authenticated by their signature (or in the case of an organisation which is a member, by execution according to its usual procedure), by a statement of their identity accompanying the document, or in such other manner as the CIO has specified.

(b) The resolution in writing may comprise several copies to which one or more members has signified their agreement.

(c) Eligibility to vote on the resolution is limited to members who are members of the CIO on the date when the proposal is first circulated in accordance with sub-clause (a) above of this clause.

(d) Not less than 10% of the members of the CIO may request the charity trustees to make a proposal for decision by the members.

(e) The charity trustees must within 21 days of receiving such a request comply with it if:

- (i) the proposal is not frivolous or vexatious, and does not involve the publication of defamatory material;
- (ii) the proposal is stated with sufficient clarity to enable effect to be given to it if it is agreed by the members; and
- (iii) effect can lawfully be given to the proposal if it is so agreed.

(f) Sub-clauses (a) to (c) of this clause apply to a proposal made at the request of members.

(4) Decisions that must be taken in a particular way

(a) Any decision to amend this constitution must be taken in accordance with clause 28 of this constitution (Amendment of Constitution).

- (b) Any decision to wind up or dissolve the CIO must be taken in accordance with clause 29 of this constitution (Voluntary winding up or dissolution). Any decision to amalgamate or transfer the undertaking of the CIO to one or more other CIOs must be taken in accordance with the provisions of the Charities Act.

11 General meetings of members

(1) Types of general meeting

- (a) There must be an annual general meeting (AGM) of the members of the CIO. The first AGM must be held within 18 months of the registration of the CIO, and subsequent AGMs must be held at intervals of not more than 15 months. The AGM must receive the annual statement of accounts (duly audited or examined where applicable) and the trustees' annual report, and must elect trustees as required under clause 13.
- (b) Other general meetings of the members of the CIO may be held at any time.
- (c) All general meetings must be held in accordance with the following provisions.

(2) Calling general meetings

- (a) The charity trustees:
 - (i) must call the AGM of the members of the CIO in accordance with sub-clause (1) of this clause, and identify it as such in the notice of the meeting; and
 - (ii) may call any other general meeting of the members at any time.
- (b) The charity trustees must, within 21 days, call a general meeting of the members of the CIO if:
 - (i) they receive a request to do so from at least 10% of the members of the CIO; and
 - (ii) the request states the general nature of the business to be dealt with at the meeting, and is authenticated by the member(s) making the request.
- (c) If, at the time of any such request, there has not been any general meeting of the members of the CIO for more than 12 months, then sub-clause (b)(i) of this clause shall have effect as if 5% were substituted for 10%.
- (d) Any such request may include particulars of a resolution that may properly be proposed, and is intended to be proposed, at the meeting.
- (e) A resolution may only properly be proposed if it is lawful, and is not defamatory, frivolous or vexatious.
- (f) Any general meeting called by the charity trustees at the request of the members of the CIO must be held within 28 days from the date on which it is called.
- (g) If the charity trustees fail to comply with this obligation to call a general meeting at the request of its members, then the members who requested the meeting may themselves call a general meeting.
- (h) A general meeting called in this way must be held not more than 3 months after the date when the members first requested the meeting.

- (i) The CIO must reimburse any reasonable expenses incurred by the members calling a general meeting by reason of the failure of the charity trustees to duly call the meeting, but the CIO shall be entitled to be indemnified by the charity trustees who were responsible for such failure.

(3) Notice of general meetings

- (a) The charity trustees, or, as the case may be, the relevant members of the CIO, must give at least 14 clear days' notice of any general meeting (including for the avoidance of doubt notice of an AGM) to all of the members, and to any charity trustee of the CIO who is not a member.
- (b) If it is agreed by not less than 90% of all members of the CIO, any resolution may be proposed and passed at the meeting even though the requirements of the sub-clause (a) have not been met. This sub-clause does not apply where a specified period of notice is strictly required by another clause in this constitution, by the Charities Act or by the General Regulations.
- (c) The notice of any general meeting must:
 - (i) state the time and date of the meeting;
 - (ii) give the address at which the meeting is to take place;
 - (iii) give particulars of any resolution which is to be moved at the meeting, and of the general nature of any other business to be dealt with at the meeting;
 - (iv) if a proposal to alter the constitution of the CIO is to be considered at the meeting, include the text of the proposed alteration; and
 - (v) include, with the notice for the AGM, the annual statement of accounts and trustees' annual report, details of persons standing for election or re-election as trustee, or where allowed under clause 21 (Use of electronic communication), details of where the information may be found on the CIO's website.
- (d) Proof that an envelope containing a notice was properly addressed, prepaid and posted; or that an electronic form of notice was properly addressed and sent, shall be conclusive evidence that the notice was given. Notice shall be deemed to be given 48 hours after it was posted or sent.
- (e) The proceedings of a meeting shall not be invalidated because a member who was entitled to receive notice of the meeting did not receive it because of accidental omission by the CIO.

(4) Chairing of general meetings

The person nominated as chair by the charity trustees under clause 19(2) (Chairing of meetings), shall, if present at the general meeting and willing to act, preside as chair of the meeting. Subject to that, the members of the CIO who are present at a general meeting shall elect a chair to preside at the meeting.

(5) Quorum at general meetings

- (a) No business may be transacted at any general meeting of the members of the CIO unless a quorum is present when the meeting starts.
- (b) Subject to the following provisions, the quorum for general meetings shall be 10% of the total number of members of the CIO

- (c) If the meeting has been called by or at the request of the members and a quorum is not present within 15 minutes of the starting time specified in the notice of the meeting, the meeting is closed.
- (d) If the meeting has been called in any other way and a quorum is not present within 15 minutes of the starting time specified in the notice of the meeting, the chair must adjourn the meeting. The date, time and place at which the meeting will resume must either be announced by the chair or be notified to the CIO's members at least seven clear days before the date on which it will resume.
- (e) If a quorum is not present within 15 minutes of the start time of the adjourned meeting, the member or members present at the meeting constitute a quorum.
- (f) If at any time during the meeting a quorum ceases to be present, the meeting may discuss issues and make recommendations to the trustees but may not make any decisions. If decisions are required which must be made by a meeting of the members, the meeting must be adjourned.

(6) Participation in general meetings by electronic means

- (a) A general meeting may be held by suitable electronic means as agreed by the charity trustees in which each participating member may communicate with all the other participants.
- (b) Any member participating at a general meeting by suitable electronic means in which a participant or participants may communicate with all the other participants shall qualify as being present at the meeting.
- (c) General meetings held by electronic means must comply with rules for general meetings, including chairing and the taking of minutes.

(7) Voting at general meetings

- (a) Any decision other than one falling within clause 10(4) (decisions that must be taken in a particular way) shall be taken by a simple majority of votes cast at the meeting. Every member has one vote unless otherwise provided in the rights of a particular class of membership under this constitution.
- (b) A resolution put to the vote of a meeting shall be decided on a show of hands, unless (before or on the declaration of the result of the show of hands) a poll is duly demanded. A poll may be demanded by the chair or by at least 10% of the members present in person at the meeting.
- (c) A poll demanded on the election of a person to chair the meeting or on a question of adjournment must be taken immediately. A poll on any other matter shall be taken, and the result of the poll shall be announced, in such manner as the chair of the meeting shall decide, provided that the poll must be taken, and the result of the poll announced, within 30 days of the demand for the poll.
- (d) A poll may be taken:
 - (i) at the meeting at which it was demanded; or
 - (ii) at some other time and place specified by the chair; or
 - (iii) through the use of electronic communications.
- (e) In the event of an equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, the chair of the meeting shall have a second, or casting vote.
- (f) Any objection to the qualification of any voter must be raised at the meeting at which the vote is cast and the decision of the chair of the meeting shall be final.

(8) Adjournment of meetings

The chair may with the consent of a meeting at which a quorum is present (and shall if so directed by the meeting) adjourn the meeting to another time and/or place. No business may be transacted at an adjourned meeting except business which could properly have been transacted at the original meeting.

12 Charity trustees

(1) Functions and duties of charity trustees

The charity trustees shall manage the affairs of the CIO and may for that purpose exercise all the powers of the CIO. It is the duty of each charity trustee:

- (a) to exercise their powers and to perform their functions in their capacity as a trustee of the CIO in the way they decide in good faith would be most likely to further the purposes of the CIO; and
- (b) to exercise, in the performance of those functions, such care and skill as is reasonable in the circumstances having regard in particular to:
 - (i) any special knowledge or experience that they have or hold themselves out as having; and,
 - (ii) if he or she acts as a charity trustee of the CIO in the course of a business or profession, to any special knowledge or experience that it is reasonable to expect of a person acting in the course of that kind of business or profession.

(2) Eligibility for trusteeship

- (a) Every charity trustee must be a natural person.
- (b) No individual may be appointed as a charity trustee of the CIO:
 - (i) if they are under the age of 18 years; or
 - (ii) if they would automatically cease to hold office under the provisions of clause 16(1)(g) of this constitution.
- (c) No one is entitled to act as a charity trustee whether on appointment or on any re-appointment until he or she has expressly acknowledged, in whatever way the charity trustees decide, their acceptance of the office of charity trustee.
- (d) There must be at least three charity trustees. If the number falls below this minimum, the remaining trustee or trustees may act only to call a meeting of the charity trustees, or appoint a new charity trustee.

(3) First charity trustees

The first charity trustees and their deemed date of appointment are as follows:

- (a) Carl Bradbrook, 1 May 2014;
- (b) Angela Briganti, 6 March 2021;
- (c) Louise Clark, 19 May 2022;
- (d) Julia Deutsch, 6 March 2021;
- (e) Latifa Khenissi, 13 April 2023.
- (f) Fergus MacDonald Coutts, 19 May 2022;
- (g) Michelle Moran, 6 March 2021;

- (h) Karine Portier, 6 March 2021;
- (i) Mathieu Raillard, 28 April 2017; and
- (j) Katherine Robson, CIO registration date.

13 Appointment of charity trustees

- (1) The charity trustees shall comprise individuals appointed to the following offices (each, an "Office"):
 - (a) a President;
 - (b) a Senior Vice President;
 - (c) a Junior Vice President;
 - (d) an Honorary Secretary;
 - (e) an Honorary Treasurer;
 - (f) one Technician Representative;
 - (g) one Bound Representative;
 - (h) one Membership Secretary; and
 - (i) two further charity trustees (the "Additional Trustees").
- (2) The members of the CIO shall appoint charity trustees to fill any vacancies arising each year at the AGM.
- (3) Charity trustees shall be appointed for terms of years as follows:
 - (a) For the Offices of Honourable Secretary, Honourable Treasurer, Technician Representative, Bound Representative, Membership Secretary and Additional Trustee, three years.
 - (b) for the Offices of Junior Vice President, President and Senior Vice President, two years.
- (4) Subject to subclause (5), any individual who retires as a charity trustee at the end of their term or by giving notice to the CIO is eligible for reappointment.
- (5) Subject to subclause (6), a charity trustee who has served for nine consecutive years from the date of their original appointment may not be reappointed but may be reappointed after an interval of at least one year.
- (6) In exceptional circumstances, the members of the CIO may appoint an individual who has served as a charity trustee for more than nine consecutive years to continue to serve as a charity trustee for one further term of up to three years.
- (7) The deemed date of appointment of the charity trustees listed in clause 12(3) shall be counted when determining the number of consecutive years served by those charity trustees, save that:
 - (a) Carl Bradbrook shall be eligible to serve until 31 December 2025 and Mathieu Raillard shall be eligible to serve until 31 December 2027; but
 - (b) thereafter, neither shall be reappointed until after an interval of at least one year.

14 Co-opted charity trustees for casual vacancies

- (1) If a vacancy arises in the charity trustees as a result of any circumstances otherwise than a charity trustee retiring after their term of office, the charity trustees may co-opt a charity trustee to fill the vacancy arising.
- (2) A charity trustee co-opted pursuant to sub-clause (1) shall at the next AGM:
 - (a) automatically retire as a charity trustee; and
 - (b) be eligible for appointment as a charity trustee pursuant to clause 13(2).

15 Information for new charity trustees

The charity trustees will make available to each new charity trustee, on or before their first appointment:

- (1) a copy of the current version of this constitution; and
- (2) a copy of the CIO's latest Trustees' Annual Report and statement of accounts.

16 Retirement and removal of charity trustees

- (1) A charity trustee ceases to hold office if they:
 - (a) retire by notifying the CIO in writing (but only if enough charity trustees will remain in office when the notice of resignation takes effect to form a quorum for meetings);
 - (b) are absent without the permission of the charity trustees from all their meetings held within a period of six months and the trustees resolve that their office be vacated;
 - (c) die;
 - (d) in the written opinion, given to the CIO, of a registered medical practitioner treating that person, have become physically or mentally incapable of acting as a charity trustee and may remain so for more than three months;
 - (e) are removed by the members of the CIO in accordance with sub-clause (2) of this clause;
 - (f) are removed by the charity trustees in accordance with sub-clause (3) of this clause;
 - (g) is disqualified from acting as a charity trustee by virtue of sections 178 to 180 of the Charities Act (or any statutory re-enactment or modification of that provision); or
 - (h) cease to be a member of the CIO.
- (2) A charity trustee shall be removed from office if a resolution to remove that charity trustee is proposed at a general meeting of the members called for that purpose and properly convened in accordance with clause 11, and the resolution is passed by a two-thirds majority of votes cast at the meeting.
- (3) A charity trustee shall be removed from office if a resolution to remove that charity trustee is passed by at least 75% of the charity trustees voting on the resolution.
- (4) A resolution to remove a charity trustee in accordance with clauses 16(2) or 16(3) shall not take effect unless the individual concerned has been given at least 14 clear days' notice in writing that the resolution is to be proposed, specifying the circumstances

alleged to justify removal from office, and has been given a reasonable opportunity of making oral and/or written representations to the members or the charity trustees, as the case may be, of the CIO.

17 Taking of decisions by charity trustees

Any decision may be taken either:

- (1) at a meeting of the charity trustees; or
- (2) by resolution in writing or electronic form agreed by at least 75% of the charity trustees, which may comprise either a single document or several documents containing the text of the resolution in like form to which all of the charity trustees has signified their agreement. Such a resolution shall be effective provided that
 - (a) a copy of the proposed resolution has been sent, at or as near as reasonably practicable to the same time, to all of the charity trustees; and
 - (b) all of the charity trustees have signified agreement to the resolution in a document or documents which has or have been authenticated by their signature, by a statement of their identity accompanying the document or documents, or in such other manner as the charity trustees have previously resolved, and delivered to the CIO at its principal office or such other place as the trustees may resolve within 28 days of the circulation date.

18 Delegation by charity trustees

- (1) The charity trustees may delegate any of their powers or functions to a committee or committees (including but not limited to the Education Trust Fund committee), and, if they do, they shall determine the terms and conditions on which the delegation is made. The charity trustees may at any time alter those terms and conditions, or revoke the delegation.
- (2) This power is in addition to the power of delegation in the General Regulations and any other power of delegation available to the charity trustees, but is subject to the following requirements:
 - (a) a committee may consist of two or more members;
 - (b) the President shall be ex-officio chair of all committees;
 - (c) the Honorary Secretary shall be ex-officio a member of all committees;
 - (d) the acts and proceedings of any committee must be brought to the attention of the charity trustees as a whole as soon as is reasonably practicable; and
 - (e) the charity trustees shall from time to time review the arrangements which they have made for the delegation of their powers.
- (3) The members of a committee shall be entitled to appoint a maximum of two co-opted members to the committee with the consent of the President.
- (4) The President may delegate their duties as ex-officio chair of any committee to any other member of that committee.

19 Meetings of charity trustees

(1) Calling meetings

- (a) Any charity trustee may call a meeting of the charity trustees.

- (b) Subject to that, the charity trustees shall decide how their meetings are to be called, and what notice is required.

(2) Chairing of meetings

The charity trustees may appoint one of their number to chair their meetings and may at any time revoke such appointment. If no-one has been so appointed, or if the person appointed is unwilling to preside or is not present within 10 minutes after the time of the meeting, the charity trustees present may appoint one of their number to chair that meeting.

(3) Procedure at meetings

- (a) No decision shall be taken at a meeting unless a quorum is present at the time when the decision is taken. The quorum is three charity trustees, or such larger number as the charity trustees may decide from time to time. A charity trustee shall not be counted in the quorum present when any decision is made about a matter upon which they are not entitled to vote.
- (b) Questions arising at a meeting shall be decided by a majority of those eligible to vote.
- (c) In the case of an equality of votes, the person who chairs the meeting shall have a second or casting vote.

(4) Participation in meetings by electronic means

- (a) A meeting may be held by suitable electronic means agreed by the charity trustees in which each participant may communicate with all the other participants.
- (b) Any charity trustee participating at a meeting by suitable electronic means agreed by the charity trustees in which a participant or participants may communicate with all the other participants shall qualify as being present at the meeting.
- (c) Meetings held by electronic means must comply with rules for meetings, including chairing and the taking of minutes.

(5) Attendance by non-charity trustees

The charity trustees may invite staff and others who are not charity trustees to attend and speak at meetings of the charity trustees as observers. For the avoidance of doubt, such observers are not charity trustees and shall not count towards the quorum for a meeting, shall not have any power to vote on a matter and shall leave the meeting when the charity trustees vote on a matter.

20 Saving provisions

- (1) Subject to sub-clause (2) of this clause, all decisions of the charity trustees, or of a committee of charity trustees, shall be valid notwithstanding the participation in any vote of a charity trustee:
 - (a) who was disqualified from holding office;
 - (b) who had previously retired or who had been obliged by the constitution to vacate office;
 - (c) who was not entitled to vote on the matter, whether by reason of a conflict of interest or otherwise;

if, without the vote of that charity trustee and that charity trustee being counted in the quorum, the decision has been made by a majority of the charity trustees at a quorate meeting.

- (2) Sub-clause (1) of this clause does not permit a charity trustee to keep any benefit that may be conferred upon him or her by a resolution of the charity trustees or of a committee of charity trustees if, but for sub-clause (1) of this clause, the resolution would have been void, or if the charity trustee has not complied with clause 7 (Conflicts of interest and conflicts of loyalty) of this constitution.

21 Execution of documents

A document is validly executed by signature if it is signed by at least two of the charity trustees.

22 Use of electronic communications

(1) General

The CIO will comply with the requirements of the Communications Provisions in the General Regulations and in particular:

- (a) the requirement to provide within 21 days to any member on request a hard copy of any document or information sent to the member otherwise than in hard copy form;
- (b) any requirements to provide information to the Commission in a particular form or manner.

(2) To the CIO

Any member or charity trustee of the CIO may communicate electronically with the CIO to an address specified by the CIO for the purpose, so long as the communication is authenticated in a manner which is satisfactory to the CIO.

(3) By the CIO

- (a) Any member or charity trustee of the CIO, by providing the CIO with their email address or similar, is taken to have agreed to receive communications from the CIO in electronic form at that address, unless the member has indicated to the CIO their unwillingness to receive such communications in that form.
- (b) The charity trustees may, subject to compliance with any legal requirements, by means of publication on its website:
 - (i) provide the members with the notice referred to in clause 11(3) (Notice of general meetings) of this constitution;
 - (ii) give charity trustees notice of their meetings in accordance with clause 19(1) (Calling meetings) of this constitution; and
 - (iii) submit any proposal to the members or charity trustees for decision by written resolution in accordance with the CIO's powers under clause 10 (Members' decisions) or clause 10(3) (Decisions taking by resolution in writing) of this constitution.
- (c) The charity trustees must -
 - (i) take reasonable steps to ensure that members and charity trustees are promptly notified of the publication of any such notice or proposal; and

- (ii) send any such notice or proposal in hard copy form to any member or charity trustee who has not consented to receive communications in electronic form.

23 Keeping of Registers

The CIO must comply with its obligations under the General Regulations in relation to the keeping of, and provision of access to, registers of its members and charity trustees.

24 Minutes

The charity trustees must keep minutes of all:

- (1) appointments of officers made by the charity trustees;
- (2) proceedings at general meetings of the CIO;
- (3) meetings of the charity trustees and committees of charity trustees including:
 - (a) the names of the trustees present at the meeting;
 - (b) the decisions made at the meetings; and
 - (c) where appropriate the reasons for the decisions;
- (4) decisions made by the charity trustees otherwise than in meetings.

25 Accounting records, accounts, annual reports and returns, register maintenance

- (1) The charity trustees must comply with the requirements of the Charities Act with regard to the keeping of accounting records, to the preparation and scrutiny of statements of account, and to the preparation of annual reports and returns. The statements of account, reports and returns must be sent to the Commission, regardless of the income of the CIO, within 10 months of the financial year end.
- (2) The charity trustees must comply with their obligation to inform the Commission within 28 days of any change in the particulars of the CIO entered on the Central Register of Charities.

26 Rules

The charity trustees may from time to time make such reasonable and proper rules or bye laws as they may deem necessary or expedient for the proper conduct and management of the CIO, but such rules or bye laws must not be inconsistent with any provision of this constitution. Copies of any such rules or bye laws currently in force must be made available to any member of the CIO on request.

27 Disputes

If a dispute arises between members of the CIO about the validity or propriety of anything done by the members under this constitution, and the dispute cannot be resolved by agreement, the parties to the dispute must first try in good faith to settle the dispute by mediation before resorting to litigation.

28 Amendment of constitution

As provided by sections 224 to 227 of the Charities Act:

- (1) This constitution can only be amended:
 - (a) by resolution agreed in writing by all members of the CIO; or
 - (b) by a resolution passed by a 75% majority of those voting at a general meeting of the members of the CIO.

- (2) Any alteration of clause 3 (Objects), clause 29 (Voluntary winding up or dissolution), this clause, or of any provisions of this constitution where the alteration would provide authorisation for any benefit to be obtained by charity trustees or members of the CIO or persons connected with them, requires the prior written consent of the Commission.
- (3) No amendment that is inconsistent with the provisions of the Charities Act or the General Regulations shall be valid.
- (4) A copy of every resolution amending the constitution, together with a copy of the CIO's constitution as amended must be sent to the Commission by the end of the period of 15 days beginning with the date of passing of the resolution, and the amendment does not take effect until it has been recorded in the Register of Charities.

29 Voluntary winding up or dissolution

- (1) As provided by the Dissolution Regulations, the CIO may be dissolved by resolution of its members. Any decision by the members to wind up or dissolve the CIO can only be made:
 - (a) at a general meeting of the members of the CIO called in accordance with clause 11 (General meetings of members) of this constitution, of which not less than 14 days' notice has been given to those eligible to attend and vote:
 - (i) by a resolution passed by a 75% majority of those voting, or
 - (ii) by a resolution passed by decision taken without a vote and without any expression of dissent in response to the question put to the general meeting; or
 - (b) by a resolution agreed in writing by all members of the CIO.
- (2) Subject to the payment of all the CIO's debts:
 - (a) Any resolution for the winding up of the CIO, or for the dissolution of the CIO without winding up, may contain a provision directing how any remaining assets of the CIO shall be applied.
 - (b) If the resolution does not contain such a provision, the charity trustees must decide how any remaining assets of the CIO shall be applied.
 - (c) In either case the remaining assets must be applied for charitable purposes the same as or similar to those of the CIO.
- (3) The CIO must observe the requirements of the Dissolution Regulations in applying to the Commission for the CIO to be removed from the Register of Charities, and in particular:
 - (a) the charity trustees must send with their application to the Commission:
 - (i) a copy of the resolution passed by the members of the CIO;
 - (ii) a declaration by the charity trustees that any debts and other liabilities of the CIO have been settled or otherwise provided for in full; and
 - (iii) a statement by the charity trustees setting out the way in which any property of the CIO has been or is to be applied prior to its dissolution in accordance with this constitution;
 - (b) the charity trustees must ensure that a copy of the application is sent within seven days to every member and employee of the CIO, and to any charity trustee of the CIO who was not privy to the application.

- (4) If the CIO is to be wound up or dissolved in any other circumstances, the provisions of the Dissolution Regulations must be followed.

30 Interpretation

In this constitution:

"Charities Act"

means the Charities Act 2011, or any statutory re-enactment or modification of that provision.

"charity trustee"

means a charity trustee of the CIO.

"Communications Provisions"

means the Communications Provisions in Part 9 of the General Regulations.

"connected person"

means:

- (a) a child, parent, grandchild, grandparent, brother or sister of the charity trustee;
- (b) the spouse or civil partner of the charity trustee or of any person falling within sub-clause (a) above;
- (c) a person carrying on business in partnership with the charity trustee or with any person falling within sub-clause (a) or (b) above;
- (d) an institution which is controlled:
 - (i) by the charity trustee or any connected person falling within sub-clause (a), (b), or (c) above; or
 - (ii) by two or more persons falling within sub-clause (d)(i), when taken together;
- (e) a body corporate in which:
 - (i) the charity trustee or any connected person falling within sub-clauses (a) to (c) has a substantial interest; or
 - (ii) two or more persons falling within sub-clause (e)(i) who, when taken together, have a substantial interest.

Section 118 of the Charities Act applies for the purposes of interpreting the terms used in this constitution.

“Derivative Contract”

means any transaction (including an agreement with respect to any such transaction) which is a rate swap transaction, interest rate option, cap transaction, floor transaction or collar transaction as such terms are commonly used in investment parlance.

“Dissolution Regulations”

means the Charitable Incorporated Organisations (Insolvency and Dissolution) Regulations 2012.

“General Regulations”

means the Charitable Incorporated Organisations (General) Regulations 2012.

“poll”

means a counted vote or ballot, usually (but not necessarily) in writing.